Solutions for Future Flooding: Charles River Watershed

Community Feedback Session
April 27th, 6:30 PM
MVP Action Grant Funded Project





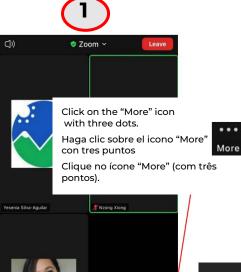


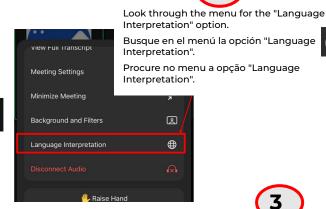
Language Instructions / Instrucciones de idioma /

Instruções de idioma (Credit: San Joaquin Valley Air District)



On your cellphone / Para el celular / usando seu celular







Click your language to go to the appropriate channel. Then, select "Mute Original Audio" to ensure you only hear your language.

Haga clic en su idioma para ir al canal apropiado. Luego, seleccione "Mute Original Audio" para asegurarse de que solo escuche su idioma.

Clique no seu idioma para ir para o canal apropriado. Em seguida, selecione "Mute the original audio" para garantir que você ouça apenas o seu idioma.

On your computer Para la computadora Usando seu computador

You will see the interpretation options at the bottom of the screen, as seen below. Click the interpretation icon (globe) to view language options (English, Spanish, Mandarin).

Verá las opciones de interpretación en la parte inferior de la pantalla, como se ve a continuación. Haga clic en el icono de interpretación (globo) para ver las opciones de idioma (inglés, español, mandarín).

Você verá as opções de interpretação na parte inferior da tela, conforme abaixo. Clique no ícone de interpretação (globo) para ver as opções de idioma (inglês, espanhol, português).



Welcome! Bienvenido!



Tonight's Agenda

- Project Background
- Selection of Priority Projects and "Impact Areas"
- Concept design discussions:
 - (7:00-7:20) Weston Town Center (breakout room)
 - (7:00-7:20) Milford 495 & Rt. 85
 Interchange
 - (7:30 -7:50) Weston/Waltham 95 &Rt. 20 Interchange







Charles River Watershed Association



Mission: To protect, restore, and enhance the Charles River and its watershed through science, advocacy, and the law.

Nuestra misión: Protegemos, restauramos y mejoramos el río Charles y su cuenca a través de **la ciencia**, **la defensa** y **la ley**. Desarrollamos estrategias con base científica para **aumentar la resiliencia**, **proteger la salud pública y promover la equidad** ambiental mientras nos enfrentamos a un clima cambiante.

我們的使命

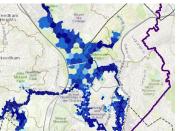
我們通過科學、**宣傳和法律**保護、恢復和改善查理斯河及其流域。我們制定基於科學的戰略,以在應對氣候變化時**提高復原力、保護公 眾健康並促進環境公平**。





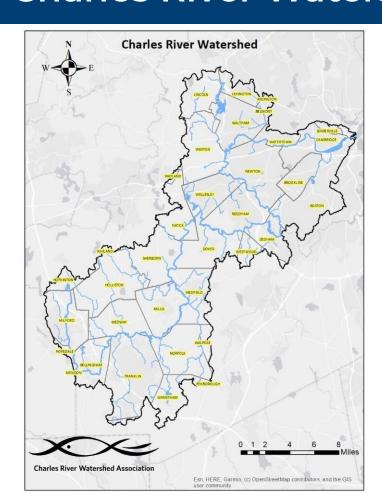






Charles River Watershed Association





CRWA takes a watershed-scale view

- 80 mile river
- 35 towns in watershed
- 308 mi² watershed
- Approximately 1 million residents
- >60% of population lives in Environmental Justice neighborhoods



Land Acknowledgement



NATIVE SETTLEMENTS AND TRAILS c.1600-1650 · SQUAGHEAG Major tribes Rivers PENACOOK Naumket Trails Mahican Nashaway **POCUMTUCK®** Present state Nipmuck **boundaries** NONATUCK .. Niantic WORONOCK Pequot-Mohegan Quabaug AGAWAM Massachusett Mushawn Wabaquasset .. Wampanoag Wyachtonok Patuxet PODUNK Narragansett Noscusset areas with no dominant tribe WANGUNCK Abenaki-speaking tribes TUNXIS The river tribes NAUGATUCK. Tribes of Western Connecticut QUIPIRI WEPAWAUG Minor tribes Subtribal groups Indian village sites

La CRWA reconoce humildemente a las Naciones Massachusett, Wampanoag y Nipmuc, ya que nuestro trabajo se lleva a cabo en su territorio tradicional, y los reconoce como los cuidadores pasados, presentes y futuros de esta tierra.

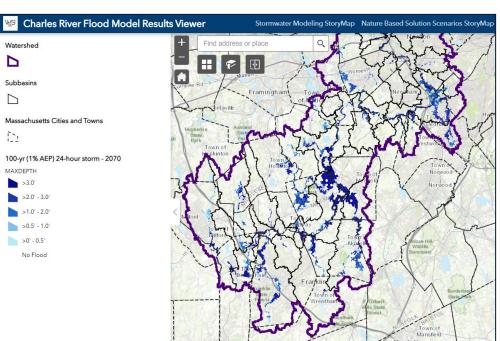
The Charles River
Watershed resides on
occupied territory of the
Massachusetts,
Nipmuck and
Wampanoag tribes.

CRWA謙卑地承認馬薩諸塞州, 萬帕諾亞格州和尼普穆克國家, 因為我們的工作是在他們的傳統領土上進行的, 並承認他們是這片土地的過去, 現在和未來的看護人。

Charles River Flood Model

Charles River Watershed Association

Computer Model: Shows current and future flooding impacts



Project Team









Charles River Watershed Association

Arlington **Belmont Boston Brookline** Cambridge Dedham Dover Franklin Medfield Medway Millis **Natick** Needham **Newton** Sherborn Waltham Watertown Wellesley Weston Wrentham

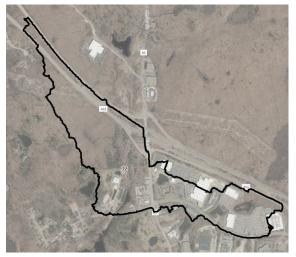
www.crwa.org/watershed-model

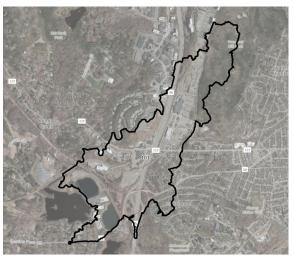
Priority Projects



Focus of Tonight's Discussion







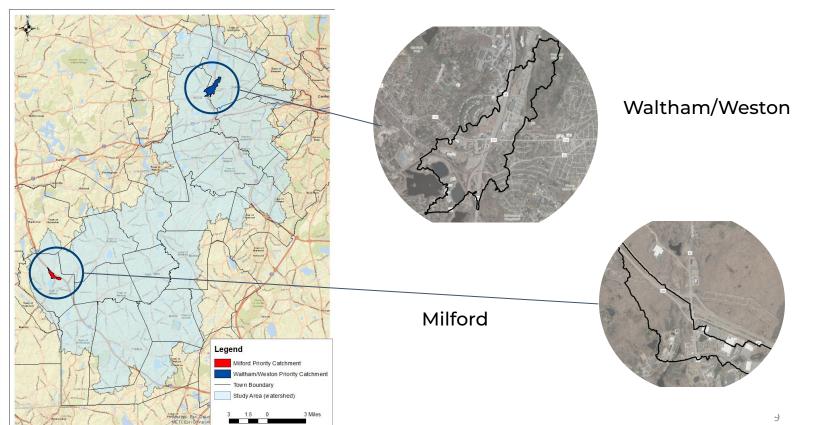
Weston Town Center

Upper and Lower Watershed Priority Impact Areas

Priority Projects



Focus of Tonight's Discussion: Upper and Lower Watershed Priority Impact Areas



Prioritization Process



Priority Project Selection

Step 1: Develop Prioritization Method

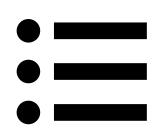
Step 2: Collect Project Ideas

Step 3: Apply Methodology

Developed last year with public input, updated this year for simplicity

Review/rescore ideas collected last year, collect new ideas

Select prioritize projects





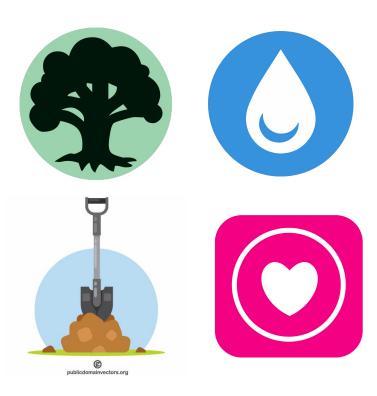


Priority Projects



Characteristics of a "Good" Priority Project





Priority Projects



Results

- 1. Weston Town Center (Brothers Marketplace)
- 2. Longfellow Pond, Wellesley
- 3. Natick High School



Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) are

Sustainable management practices or infrastructure using or mimicking natural features and processes that can absorb stormwater

Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI)



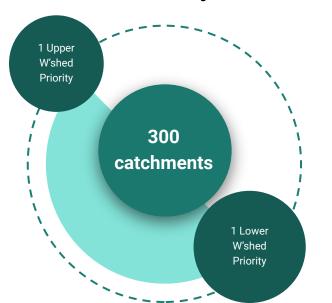
Measures that STORE, FILTER and ABSORB stormwater where it falls & help reduce flooding and pollution runoff into the river

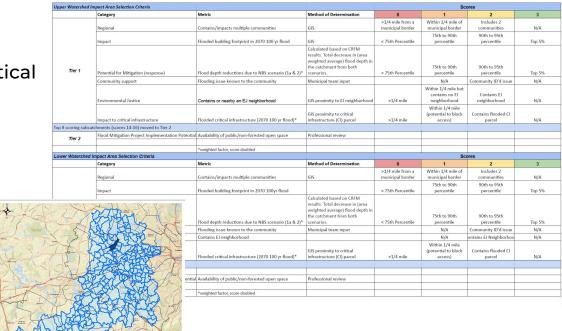
Priority Impact Areas



Priorities:

- Regional
- Current or projected flood damage
- Current or projected flooding of critical facilities
- Potential for improvements
- Environmental justice areas





Concept Design: What is it?



A design that gives you the "general idea"!

Considers:

- Project goals
- Basic site information like existing space constraints and uses
- Community needs and desires

Does Not Consider:

- Precise technical details of the site:
 - Exact elevations and slopes
 - Soil conditions
 - Precise dimensions
- Precise and complete system/project design (described as 10-25% design, need to be at 100% for construction)
- All potential ADA requirements
- Thorough coordination with all town/city departments
- Maintenance needs and plan

Feedback



What are we looking for? How will it be incorporated?

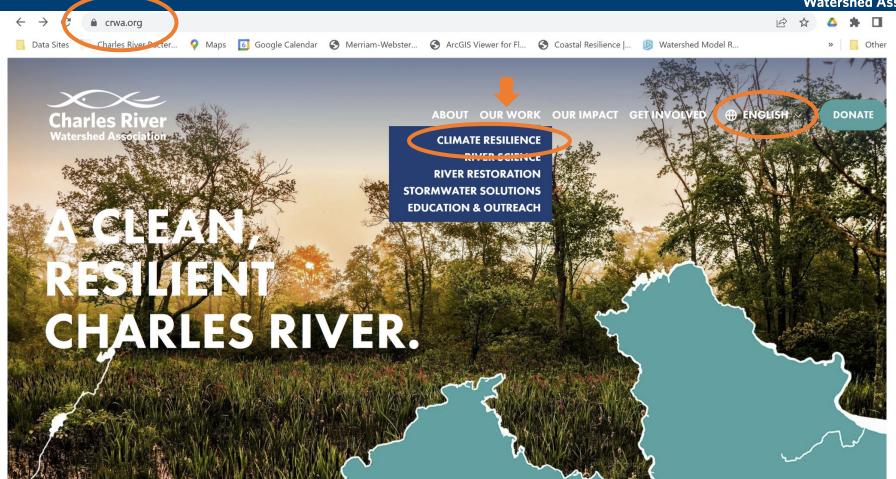






Feedback





Feedback





Climate Resilience

Advocating for nature-based solutions, climate-smart development, and regional adaptation efforts to protect our communities and ecosystems from the impacts of climate change.

CHARLES RIVER FLOOD MODEL

CLIMATE COMPACT

RESILIEINI BOSTON

CLIMATE RESILIENCE 101

DROUGHT

HEAT RESILIENCE

PUBLIC ACCESS

FLOOD SOLUTIONS IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD

We Want to Hear From You!

ATTEND AN EVENT:



Solutions for Future Flooding in Natick & Wellesley

Join us for a virtual meeting to learn about flooding in the Charles River watershed and provide input on some creative solutions we are exploring to protect your community from impacts!

Apr 11, 2023

Solutions for Flooding in Waltham, Weston, & Milford

Join us for a virtual meeting to learn about flooding in the Charles River watershed and provide input on some creative solutions we are exploring to protect your community from impacts! Apr 27, 2023

www.crwa.org/watershed-model

TELL US WHAT YOU THINK:

What project do you want to provide feedback on? *

This year, we're exploring five priority projects in Natick, Milford, Waltham, Wellesley, and Weston. Choose from drop-down.

SELECT PROJECT

What do you think of this design?

Do you support this project? Do you have any concerns? Do you have ideas for how to improve it?

Do you know of any past studies or plans for this site?

If yes, please share a link with us.

bit.ly/CRFM-feedback

Introductions





Project Team



Janet Moonan, PE



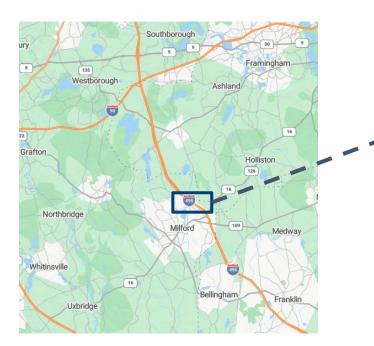
Indrani Ghosh, PhD

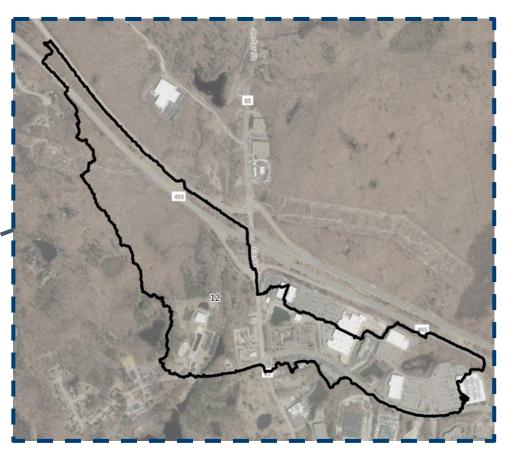


Doris Jenkins, EIT



Opportunities to implement stormwater management and nature-based solutions were identified to the **maximum extent practicable.**

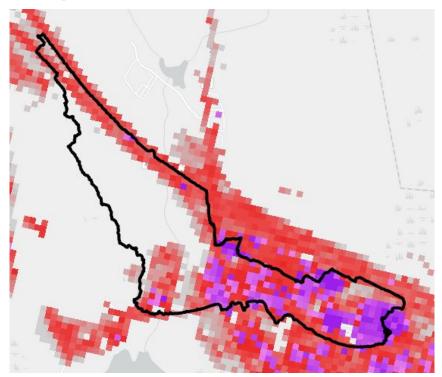








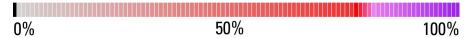
Impervious Surfaces



Catchment Area: 170 Acres

Impervious Area: 110 Acres

66% Impervious





Upper watershed

Sub-watershed: 12

Town: Milford

Critical Facilities exposed to flooding:

Water treatment facility

Other site characteristics: Large commercial plazas on the east side, open space / wetlands around the river on the west side

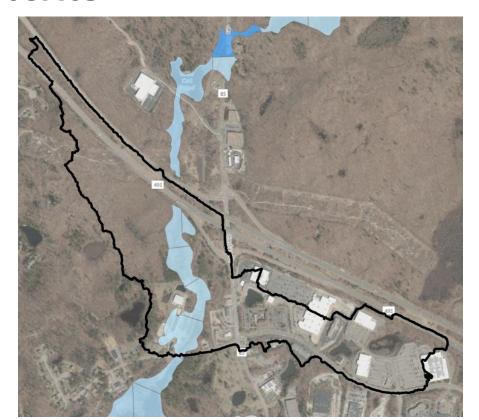
Criteria	Present
Environmental Justice Neighborhood	✓
Model showed flood reduction benefits due to green infrastructure implementation and impervious reduction	✓
Critical facility exposed to flooding	✓
Impacts multiple communities	
Flooding issues known to the community/communities	





Subwatershed Contexts

Subbasins 10-yr (10% AEP) 24-hour storm - 2070 MAXDEPTH >3.0' >2.0' - 3.0' >1.0' - 2.0' >0.5' - 1.0' >0' - 0.5' No Flood Massachusetts Boundaries Massachusetts Municipalities







Subwatershed Contexts

Legend

CRWA Priority
Catchments

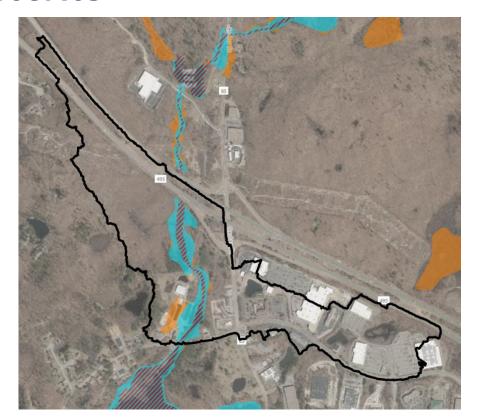
FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer

A: 1% Annual Chance of Flooding, no BFE

AE: 1% Annual Chance of Flooding, with BFE

AE: Regulatory Floodway

X: 0.2% Annual Chance of Flooding







SUBWATERSHED RESTORATION PLAN FOR MILFORD, MA



PREPARED BYThe Town of Milford and Charles River Watershed Association (CRWA)

2020















Subwatersheds considered for study area within Milford. Referenced locations and features labelled.







JOIN US

TO UNVEIL NEW
GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE
IN MILFORD TOWN PARK!

Come celebrate the completion of new rain gardens and infiltration systems in Milford Town Park!

Attendees include CRWA, engineers from Horsely Witten, state and local officials, town staff, and community members.

This project was generously funded by the Municipal Vulnerability Prepardeness program.



MAY 6TH



10 AM



MILFORD TOWN PARK

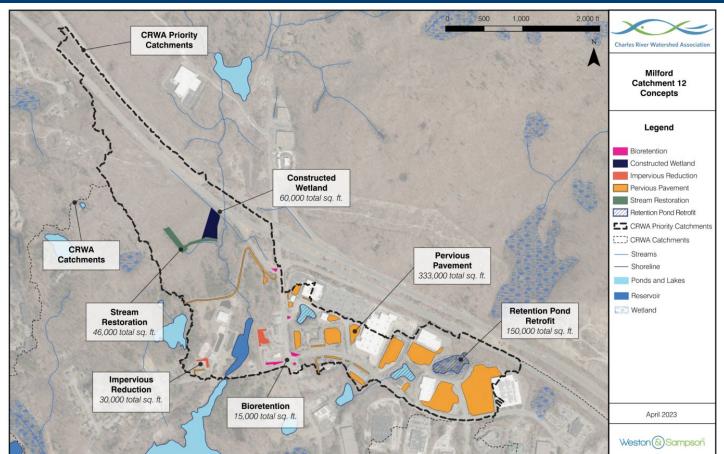
REGISTER HERE >>>

crwa.org/events







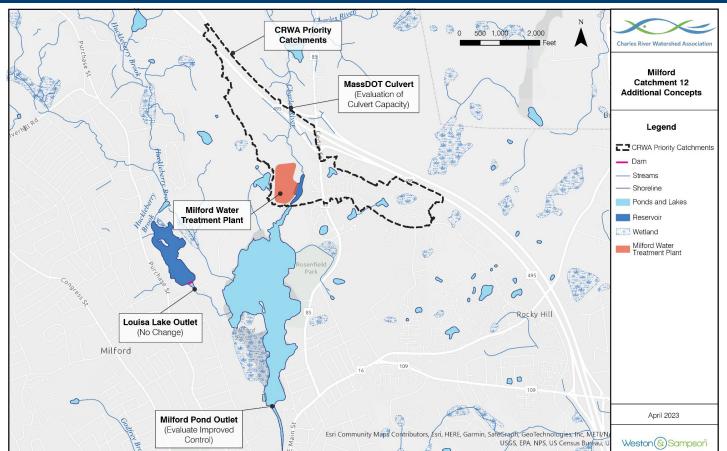


Solutions Explored

- Subsurface infiltration and storage underneath parking stalls
- Retrofit stormwater ponds to increase capacity
- · Stream restoration





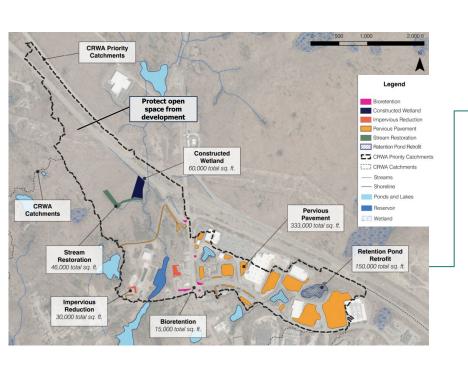


Solutions Explored (cont.)

- Water level management through outlet control structures
- Culvert sizing evaluation









Increase storage and restore natural conditions



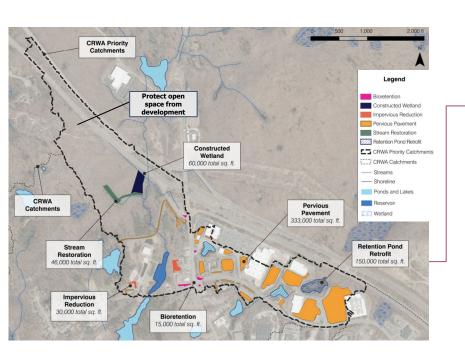
Constructed Wetland



Stream Restoration









Retrofit space to improve stormwater storage



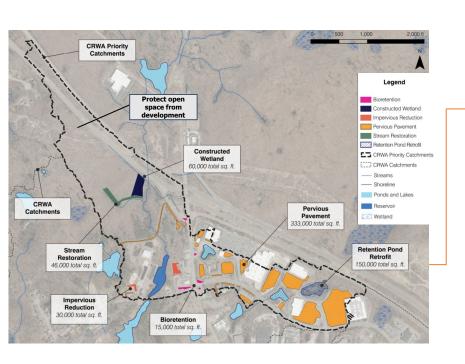
Controlled outlet structure in retention pond



Bioretention basins









Depave



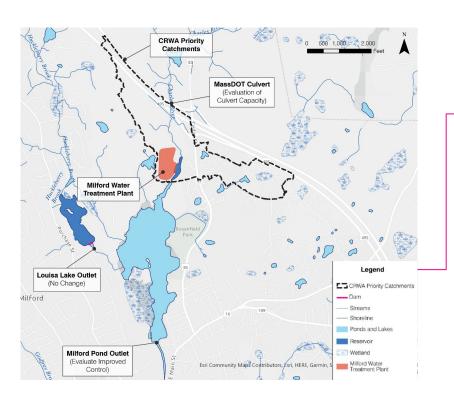
With Porous Pave



With Pavers





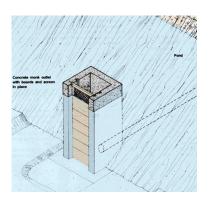




Increase stormwater storage through water level management



Example of a dam



Example of outlet control



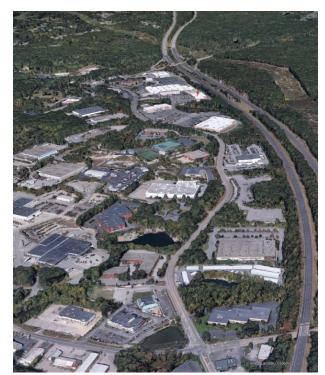
Benefits and Co-Benefits

- Improved water quality
- Community education / STEM resource
- Create outdoor spaces (a.k.a. "placemaking")
- Less-intense and more frequent storms can be managed
- Reduction in "heat islands" in parking lots and paved areas
- Addition of vegetation and potential creation of habitat



Potential Challenges and Concerns

- Significant coordination required amongst various landowners and municipality
- Coordination with drinking water suppliers
- Environmental permits necessary
- Maintenance capacity of public and private entities





Questions or clarifications you need answered to help you provide feedback?

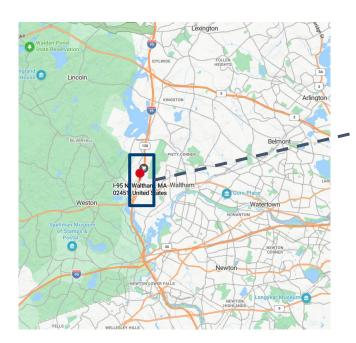
Big picture concerns or issues?

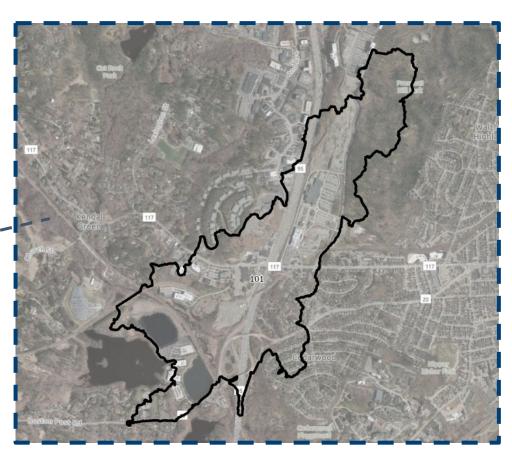
Please provide your feedback via the web form!

Lower Watershed Impact Area



Opportunities to implement stormwater management and nature-based solutions were identified to the **maximum extent practicable.**





Priority Impact Areas Results



Lower watershed

Sub-watershed: 101

Communities: Waltham / Weston

Critical Facilities exposed to flooding: The

Gifford School

Other site characteristics: Large commercial plazas in the north, residential parcels to the west, two quarry ponds adjacent to BioGen campus to the south

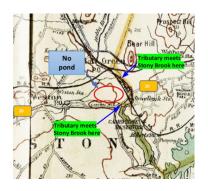
Criteria	Present
Environmental Justice Neighborhood	✓
Model showed flood reduction benefits due to green infrastructure implementation and impervious reduction	✓
Critical facility exposed to flooding	✓
Impacts multiple communities	✓
Flooding issues known to the community/communities	✓













Early \
1800s

Late ` 1800s

1920s

1950s

Wetland/Pond does not exist. The tributary is directly connected to Stony Brook.

Wetland/Pond does not exist. The tributary is displaced and connects with the Stony Brook farther South. May be due to the construction of a railroad.

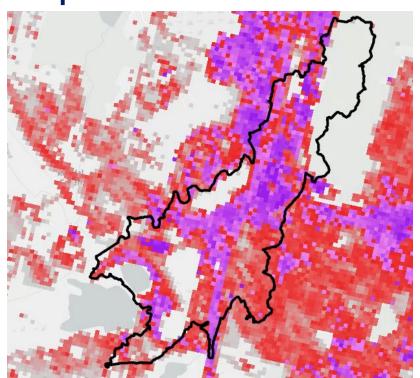
Wetland/Pond does not exist. The tributary divides in two and meets up with the Stony Brook in the North.

Weston Station Pond was constructed.





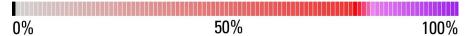
Impervious Surfaces



Catchment Area: 440 Acres

Impervious Area: 312 Acres

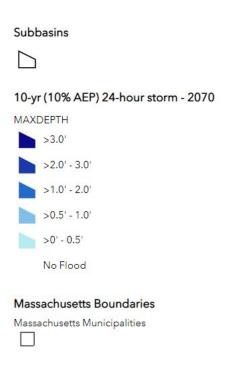
71% Impervious

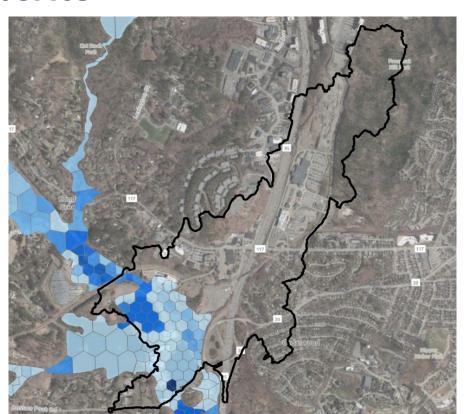






Subwatershed Contexts









Subwatershed Contexts

Legend

CRWA Priority

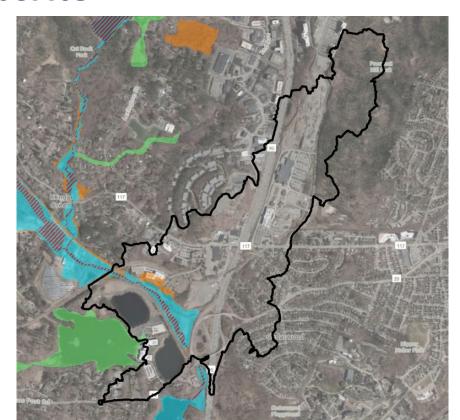
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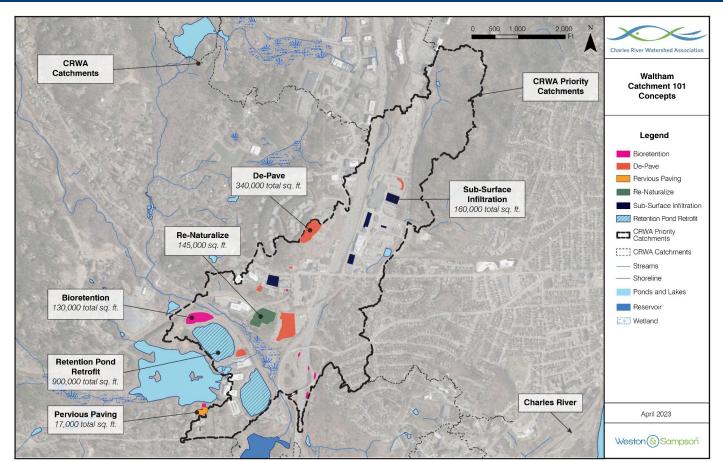
AE: Regulatory Floodway

X: 0.2% Annual Chance of Flooding







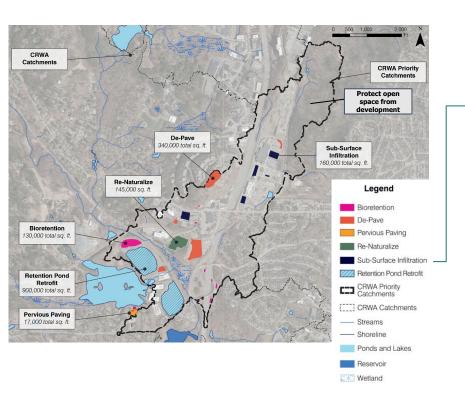


Solutions Explored

- Subsurface infiltration and storage underneath parking stalls
- Retrofit stormwater ponds to increase capacity
- Stream restoration









Re-naturalize developed space and protect open spaces



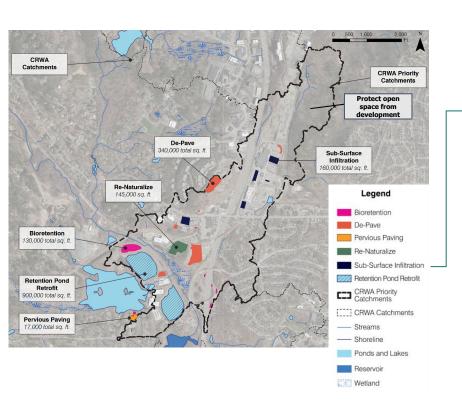
With native plants and trees



With bioretention basins









Subsurface Infiltration



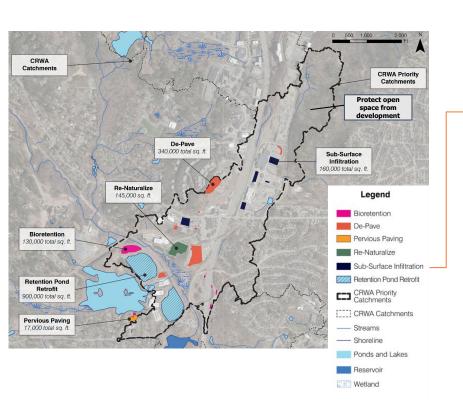
Modular storage with ability to infiltrate



Tank with controlled outlet









Depave



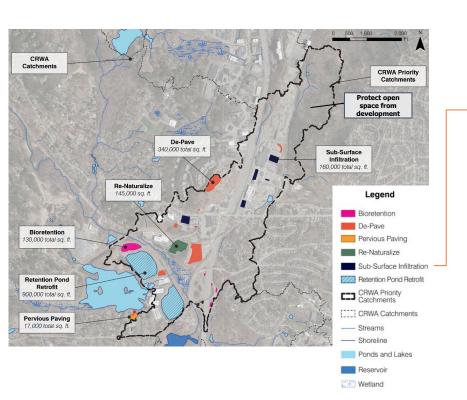
With Porous Pave



With Pavers









Retention Pond Retrofit



Increase storage by digging more space



Outlet Control Structures



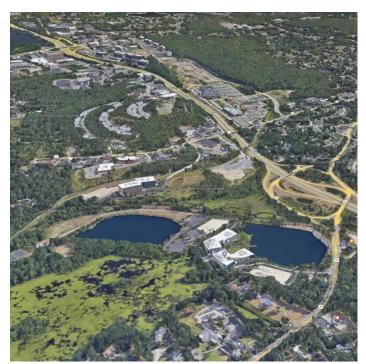
Benefits and Co-Benefits

- Improved water quality
- Community education / STEM resource
- Create outdoor spaces (a.k.a. "placemaking")
- Less-intense and more frequent storms can be managed
- Reduction in "heat islands" in parking lots and paved areas
- Addition of vegetation and potential creation of habitat



Potential Challenges and Concerns

- Significant coordination required amongst various landowners and municipalities
- MassDOT owned land / stormwater infrastructure
- Maintenance capacity in the communities
- Drinking water protection areas





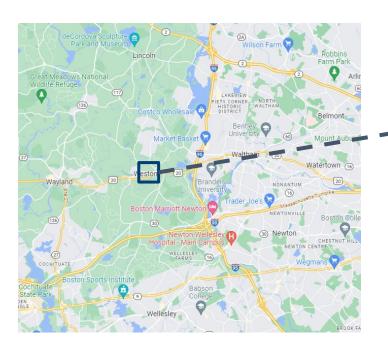
Questions or clarifications you need answered to help you provide feedback?

Big picture concerns or issues?

Please provide your feedback via the web form!



Opportunities to implement stormwater management and nature-based solutions were identified to the **maximum extent practicable.**



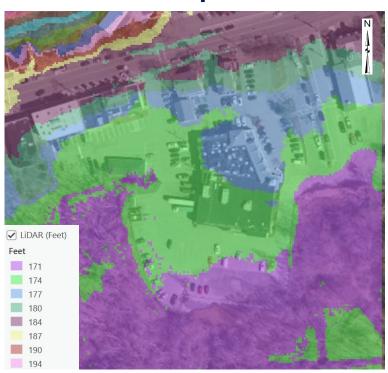






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Site Description



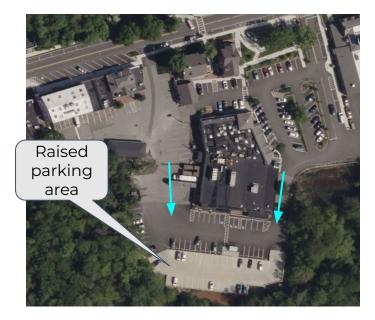


Site Topography FEMA 500 year flood zone





Site Description



Frequent flooding occured at the southern end of the parking lot, in 2019 Weston raised that section



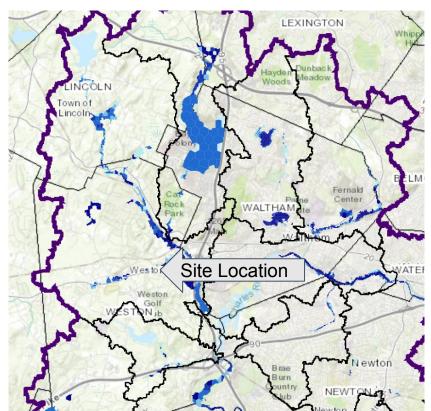
Recent photograph of actual site conditions





Stony Brook Subwatershed Contexts









Future Flooding Projected at Weston Town Center

Subbasins

10-yr (10% AEP) 24-hour storm - 2070 (7.1 inches)

MAXDEPTH

>3.

>2.0' - 3.0'

>1.0' - 2.0'

>0.5' - 1.0'

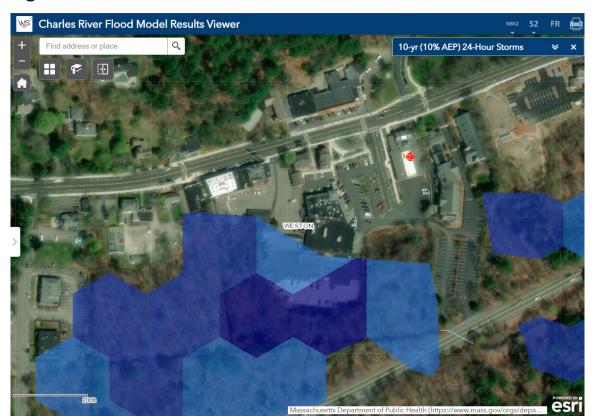
>0' - 0.5'

No Flood

Massachusetts Boundaries

Massachusetts Municipalities

L











Renaturalize Paved Space



Treatment Wetland



Bioretention Basin









Reduce Impervious Surfaces



Porous Pave



Pavers





Opportunities



- Drainage Features Current

 Catch Basin Single
 Catch Basin Double
 Catch Basin W Hood
 Catch Basin/Curb Inlet
 Aux Catch Basin
- Manhole

 Gulvert Ini

 Culvert Ou
- Outfall
 Clean Out
- Curb Inlet
 Deflection
 Junction
- Drop Inlet
 Dry Well
 Pine Prain
- Pipe Drainage Treatment Unit
- Pipe End Outlet Other Swale
- Temporary Unknown Drainage Piges (

Drainage Pipes Current Sidewalks

Bridge
Paved Road
Unpaved Road
Parking Lots
Paved Parking
Unpaved Parking
Unpaved Parking

Paved Driveway
Unpaved Drivew
Stream Centerlines

Streams
Stream
Floodwall
Ditch
Ponds and River

Ponds and Rivers
Rivers
Ponds
Ponds
Parcels With Aerials

MA Highways
Interstate
US Highway
Numbered Routes
Town Boundary

MA Towns Opaque





Culvert sizing evaluation (green circles)



Stream restoration (yellow boxes)



Benefits and Co-Benefits

- Improved water quality
- Community education / STEM resource
- Create outdoor spaces (a.k.a. "placemaking")
- Less-intense and more frequent storms can be managed
- Reduction in "heat islands" in parking lots and paved areas
- Addition of vegetation and creation of habitat
- Flood area creation



Potential Challenges and Concerns

- Already flood mitigation tactics in place
- Raised parking area shows signs of wear
- Environmental permitting must be considered
- Need to manage stormwater from the north and the south:
 - Runoff flowing off the impervious
 - Flooding from the stream system



Questions or clarifications you need answered to help you provide feedback?

Big picture concerns or issues?

Please provide your feedback via the web form!

Thank you for joining us tonight!



Next Steps:

- CRWA will circulate the recording, please pass it along
- Provide your feedback at: <u>www.crwa.org/watershed-model</u> by May 22nd
- Final virtual presentation in June
- Site next steps: Incorporate feedback into final designs

Julie Dyer Wood Climate Compact Director Charles River Watershed Association jwood@crwa.org